



## ***CFTS CHILD PROTECTION POLICY***

***CFTS*** is a responsible karate association which places health and safety issues as the highest priority and within that child protection issues are paramount.

More than 60% of our membership is aged under 16 years and we have produced this Child Protection Policy for implementation because –

*All children, whatever their age, culture, disability, gender, language, racial origin religious beliefs and/or sexual identity have the right to protection from abuse;*

*All suspicions and allegations of abuse will be taken seriously and responded to swiftly and appropriately;*

*All staff (paid /unpaid) working in sport have a responsibility to report concerns to the appropriate officer.*

### ***POLCY STATEMENT***

Karate as a sport and pastime has a duty of care to safeguard all children involved in Karate from harm. All children have a right to protection, and the needs of disabled children and others who may be particularly vulnerable must be taken into account.

CFTS will ensure the safety and protection of all children involved in our sport through adherence to the Child Protection Policy and guidelines approved by Sport England and the Child Protection in Sport Unit.

A child is defined as under 18 The Children Act 1989 and in full time education.

## ***POLICY AIMS***

The aim of the CFTS Child Protection Policy is to promote good practice:

Providing children and young people with appropriate safety and protection whilst in the care of our instructors.

Allow all instructors to make informed and confident responses to specific child protection issues.

## ***PROMOTING GOOD PRACTICE***

Child abuse, particularly sexual abuse, can arouse strong emotions in those facing such a situation. Abuse can occur within many situations including the home, school and the sporting environment. It is a fact of life that some individuals will actively seek employment or voluntary work with young people in order to harm them.

An instructor, official or volunteer may have regular contact with young people and be an important link in identifying cases where a young person needs protection.

All suspicious cases of poor practice should be reported to the CFTS Child Protection Officer (CPO) and or relevant authorities following the guidelines in this document.

When a child enters the club having been subjected to child abuse outside the sporting environment, sport can play a crucial role in improving the child's self esteem. In such instances the club must work with the appropriate agencies to ensure the child receives the required support.

## ***GOOD PRACTICE***

All personnel should be encouraged to demonstrate exemplary behaviour in order to protect themselves from false allegations. The following are common sense examples of how to create a positive culture and climate within Karate

Good practice means;

always working in an open environment (e.g. avoiding private or unobserved situations and encouraging an open environment i.e. no secrets).

treating all young people/disabled adults equally, and with respect and dignity.

always putting the welfare of each young person first, e.g. before winning.

maintaining a safe and appropriate distance with players (e.g. it is not appropriate to have an intimate relationship with a child or to share a room with them).

building balanced relationships based on mutual trust, which empowers children to share in the decision-making process;

making sport fun, enjoyable and promoting fair play.

ensuring that if any form of manual/physical support is required, it should be provided openly and according to guidelines provided by the Coaching Programme.

keeping up to date with the technical skills, qualifications and insurance in sport.

involving parents/carers wherever possible (e.g. for the responsibility of their children in the changing rooms). If groups have to be supervised in the changing rooms, always ensure parents/teachers/coaches/officials work in pairs.

ensuring that if mixed teams are taken away, they should always be accompanied by a CRB cleared and trusted male and female member of CFTS. (NB, same gender abuse can also occur)

ensuring that at tournaments or residential events, adults should not enter children's rooms or invite children into their rooms.

being an excellent role model – this includes not smoking or drinking alcohol in the company of young people.

giving enthusiastic and constructive feedback rather than negative criticism.

recognising the developmental needs and capacity of young people and disabled adults – avoiding excessive training or competition and not pushing them against their will.

securing parental consent in writing to *act in loco parentis*, if the need arises to give permission for the administration of emergency first aid and/or other medical treatment.

keeping a written record of any injury that occurs, along with the details of any treatment given.

requesting written parental consent if club officials are required to transport young people in their cars.

### ***PRACTICES TO AVOID***

The following should be **avoided** except in emergencies. If cases arise where these situations are unavoidable they should only occur with the full knowledge and consent of someone in charge in the club or the child's parents. For example, a child sustains an injury and needs to go to hospital, or a parent fails to arrive to pick a

child up at the end of a session. *Avoid spending excessive amounts of time alone with children away from others and avoid taking children to your home where they will be alone with you.*

### ***PRACTICE NEVER TO BE SANCTIONED***

The following should never be sanctioned. You should never:

engage in rough, physical or sexually provocative games, including horseplay;

be alone in a room with a child;

allow or engage in any form of inappropriate touching;

allow children to use inappropriate language unchallenged;

make sexually suggestive comments to a child, even in fun;

reduce a child to tears as a form of *control*;

allow allegations made by a child to go unchallenged, unrecorded or not acted upon;

do things of a personal nature for children or disabled adults that they can do for themselves;

invite or allow children to stay with you at your home unsupervised.

**NB.** It may sometimes be necessary for staff or volunteers to do things of a personal nature for children, e.g. if they are young or are disabled. These tasks should only be carried out with the full understanding and consent of parents and the players. If a person is fully dependent on you, talk with him/her about what you are doing and give choices where possible. This is particularly so if you are involved in any dressing or undressing of outer clothing, or where there is physical contact, lifting/assisting to carry out particular activities. Avoid taking on the responsibility for tasks for which you are not appropriately trained.

If any of the following occur you should report this immediately to another colleague and record the incident. You should also ensure the parents of the child are told.

if you accidentally hurt a player.

if he/she seems distressed in any manner.

if a player appears to be sexually aroused by your actions.

if a player misunderstands or misinterprets something you have done.

### ***GUIDELINES FOR PHOTOGRAPHIC & VIDEO USE***

There is evidence that some people have used sporting events as an opportunity to take inappropriate photographs or film footage of young and disabled sportspeople in vulnerable positions. It is advisable that all clubs be vigilant with any concerns to be reported to the Club Child Protection Officer.

Videoring as a coaching aid: there is no intention to prevent club coaches and teachers using video equipment as a legitimate coaching aid. However, performers and their parents/carers should be aware that this is part of the coaching programme and care should be taken in the storing of such films.

### ***RECRUITING & SELECTING STAFF & VOLUNTEERS***

CFTS recognises that anyone may have the potential to abuse children in some way and that all reasonable steps are taken to ensure unsuitable people are prevented from working with children.

When undertaking pre-selection checks CFTS will undertake the following :

All volunteers / instructors will complete an enhanced Criminal Record Bureau application form. The application form will elect information about an applicants past and a self-disclosure about any criminal record.

This check will need a minimum of three forms of identity (Passport or driving licence with Photo plus birth and or marriage certificate).

### ***RESPONDING TO SUSPICIONS & ALEGATIONS***

It is not the responsibility of anyone working in Karate, in a paid or unpaid capacity to take responsibility or to decide whether or not child abuse has taken place. However there is a responsibility to act on any concerns through contact with the appropriate authorities.

CFTS assures all staff/volunteers that it will fully support and protect anyone, who in good faith reports his or her concern that a colleague is, or may be, abusing a child.

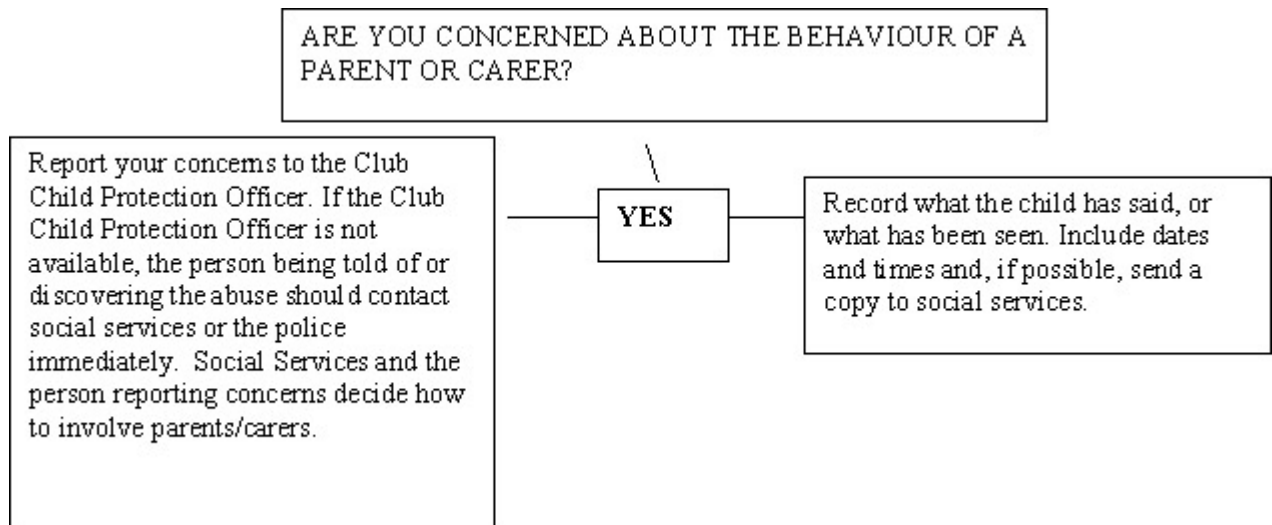
Where there is a complaint against an instructor or a member of CFTS there will be an investigation . Either /or:

A criminal investigation. OR An internal CFTS child protection investigation.

The results of the police and child protection investigation may well lead to a CFTS disciplinary investigation or vice-versa.

### ***ACTIONS IF THERE ARE CONCERNS***

The following action should be taken if there are concerns



***The Association Child Protection Officer should always inform the governing body on the appropriate form.***

### ***POOR PRACTICE***

If, following consideration, the allegation is clearly about poor practice; the Club Child Welfare Officer will deal with it as a misconduct issue.

If the allegation is about poor practice by the Association Child Protection Officer, or if the matter has been handled inadequately and concerns remain, it should be reported to the governing body who will decide how to deal with the allegation and whether or not to initiate disciplinary proceedings.

### ***SUSPECTED ABUSE***

Any suspicion that a child has been abused by either a member of staff or a volunteer should be reported to the Association Child Protection Officer, who will take such

steps as considered necessary to ensure the safety of the child in question and any other child who may be at risk.

The Association Child Protection Officer will refer the allegation to the social services department who may involve the police, or go directly to the police if *out-of-hours*.

The parents or carers of the child will be contacted as soon as possible following advice from the social services department.

The Association Child Protection Officer will also notify the governing body who will advise or and deal with any procedural issues and media enquiries.

If the Association Child Protection Officer is the subject of the suspicion/allegation, the report must be made direct to the governing body who will refer the allegation to Social Services.

### ***CONFIDENTIALITY***

Every effort will be made to ensure that confidentiality is maintained for all concerned.

Information should be handled and disseminated on a ***need to know basis*** only. This includes the following people:

The Association Child Protection Officer and Club Child Welfare Officer

The parents of the person who is alleged to have been abused;

The person making the allegation;

Social services/police;

The Governing body's Child Protection Officer;

The alleged abuser (and parents if the alleged abuser is a child). \*

\*Seek social services advice on who should approach alleged abuser.

Information will be stored in a secure place with limited access to designated people, in line with data protection laws (e.g. that information is accurate, regularly updated, relevant and secure).

If you do not know who to turn for advice or are worried about sharing your concerns with a senior colleague, you should contact the social services direct (or the NSPCC on 0808 800 5000, or Childline on 0800 1111)

### ***WHAT TO DO IF THERE ARE CONCERNS***

Complete a concern / allegation form at the earliest convenience and hand it to the club Child welfare officer or directly to the CFTS Child protection officer.

### ***TO AVOID CONCERNS ALWAYS ENSURE GOOD PRACTICE:***

- Always working in an open environment (e.g. avoiding private or unobserved situations and encouraging an open environment i.e. no secrets).
- Always treating all young people/disabled adults equally and with respect.
- Always keep the child safe.
- Never ask them to perform in an unsafe or unsupervised manner.
- Never allow unauthorised volunteers to help.
- Report all accidents and incidents to parents or guardians.
- Always keep accurate up to date records.